Probably Nothing Will Be Done Till Baron Speek von Sternberg Arrives-Then Every Step Will Have to Be Approved Home Before It's Sanct

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-With the arrival here this afternoon of Herbert W. Bowen. United States Minister to Venezuela, to whom plenipotentiary powers have been given by President Castro to undertake an adjustment of the difficulties of that nation with Germany, Great Britain and Italy, the negotiations for a settlement are already under way.

Mr. Bowen, within an hour or two ofter reaching town, called at the State Department, where he had a brief interview with acting Secretary Hill, and then visited the British and Italian Ambassadors and Count Quadt, the German Charge d'Affaires. The first object of the Venezuelan envoy

will be to secure an agreement with the allied Powers for raising their blockade of Venezuelan ports. This is regarded as a necessary measure, as a continuance of coercive measures of this character will, it is held, make Venezuela more than ever unfitted to comply with the demands of the allies.

be accomplished as quickly as Mr. Bowen desires. Many difficulties must be overcome before Germany, Great Britain and Italy will consent to modify the course they have adopted of bringing President Castro

A feeling of disappointment prevails in Government circles over the attitude of the allies as explained by their diplomatic representatives in Washington. Each of the European countries desires to treat separately with Mr. Bowen, the ground for this policy being that the claims of each European Government are entirely dis-tinct from those of the others.

Mr. Bowen will endeavor to bring about a conference with the representatives here of the three Powers which shall determine the principles upon which the peace negotiations are to be considered. One these preliminary terms will be, it is hoped. a provision for raising the blockade. After that the negotiations will probably be con-sidered separately by Mr. Bowen with each of the several delegates.

The allies are unwilling to enter upon a preparation of a peace arrangement until enezuela acknowledges certain contentions which they will place before Mr. Bowen. These are mainly that claims of subjects of England, Germany and Italy be recognized in principle, and the recognition of the right of the European allies to secure redress for their subjects.

It is understood that Mr. Bowen is will-

It is understood that Mr. Bowen is willing to agree to these provisions on condition that the blockade will be raised and all other coercive measures abandoned pending the conclusion of the protocol or treaty by which Venezuela will obligate herself to pay the amounts fixed by Mr. Bowen and the Washington representatives of the

Powers.

There is an understanding in official circles that the allies will insist upon some guarantee that Venezuela will pay the claims when they fall due. How this is to be accomplished, if at all, is not known here.

One thing is certain in this connection, and that is that the United States Government will not, directly or indirectly, furnish the guarantee or assume responsibility in any way for the observance of good faith on Venezuela's part.

Venezuela's part. Although Secretary

on Venezuela's part.

Although Secretary Hay was not feeling well, he received Mr. Bowen at his residence this afternoon and talked over with him the objects of the special mission which has brought him to Washington. Mr. Hay, however, feels that he has no right to give any instructions to Mr. Bowen, who is here as the representative of Venezuela, and not of the United States. The State Department desires to avoid the appearance of coaching Mr. Bowen or of being concerned, even indirectly, in the exchanges between him and the representatives of the Powers. While Mr. Bowen's calls at the European

him and the representatives of the Powers.
While Mr. Bowen's calls at the European
embassies this afternoon were very pleasant from a personal standpoint, it cannot
be said that they were productive of any
encouragement to the speedy success of his
undertaking. The diplomatic representatives of the allies are apparently ready
and willing to begin the negotiations, but
their governments are evidently in no hurry,
and the prospect of a wait seems certain.

The opinion among those concerned
regarding Germany's intentions is that the
agreement to hold a peace conference will
not be recognized by that Government
until after the arrival in Washington of
Baron Speck von Steraberg. He will probably be there by the end of the month.

With the arrival of Mr. Bowen here all
doubt was removed as to the extent of his
powers. He has been vested with plenary
authority, which includes the right to sign
any agreement that may be reached with cur
awaiting permission to do so from President
Castro. While Mr. Bowen's calls at the European

Castro.

On the other hand, the three European Governments, from present indications, will require that the negotiations be conviling to the conviction of t ducted ad referendum—that is, each European negotiator must notify his Government of every important step taken and await its approval before formally assert-

Around the World to Be Lost in New York Roland King of 23 West Eighth street who is a mate on a coasting vessel, reported to the police yesterday that his wife Alice, who has been around the world with him safely several times, had apparently got lost in New York. He put her on an up-bound Broadway car at the Post Office Saturday and has heard nothing of her since. Mrs. King is 27 years old.

Indiana Discussed at the Quill Club. The Quill Club gave its annual dinner to the ladies at the Hotel Savoy, last night. "Indiana" was the subject discussed after the dinner by United States Civil Service Commissioner William Dudley Foulke, Congressman-elect Frederick Landis of Indiana and others.

Grave Criticism of Lord Roberts.

From the Saturday Review. me weeks ago I read with amuse ment in your columns the perfervid cham-pionship of Lord Roberts and praise of all he has done (and not done) for the army since he commenced his stewardship by a gentleman in Tasmania who apparently had exceptional dvantages of knowing all about the administration of the War Office. What most of the officers of our army of all ranks think of the omcers of our army of all ranks think of the present regime is tolerably well known, but perhaps better left unexpressed. Chance, however, has enabled me to hear the views of the lads who are now about to enter H. M. service, and it seems to me that there is a good deal of practical common sense in them which will appeal to all

service, and it seems to me that there is a good deal of practical common sense in them which will appeal to all.

A few days ago I met one of the young gentlemen who have weathered the storm and strife of a year at Sandhurst and who narrowly escaped having their whole careers wrecked by reason of Lord Roberts's fatuous behavior on the occasion of the fires and who had the audacity to say that Lord Roberts had talked a lot of "rot" to them on the occasion of the Christmas inspection. In substantiation of his allegation he referred me to the reports on his speech, and sure enough in the Times I read the following: "Do not listen to any nonsensical talk about officers not being able to get on in the army unless they have interest. I look around and judge for yours-level!" That's just what we did, "so said this bad cadet, "and we want to know how it was that in South Africa 'Bobs' gave all the best appointments on his staff to Dukes and Lords, some of whom were not even militamen or volunteers, and left men who were not 'swells' to do all the drudgery."

sere not even who were not 'swells' to uo an the druggery."
Surely of all men in the world, Earl Roberts is the last to make such an amazinchy indiscreet speech to a number of intelligent lads who can at least all read and know how to look up the "Headquarters Staff in South Africa" in the army lists of 1900.

There is only one comment, "Just like Bobs."

LIVE TOPICS ABOUT TOWN.

M. le Comte Robert de Montesquiou Fesensac was in a state of mind on Sunday His rooms at the hotel which he honors with his patronage had been decorated with flowers—orchids, violets and roses but there were no specimens of the flower that the Count has called his own. This his career as a poet, or whatever he is, he selected that bloom as his symbol and to one of his volumes of verse he gave the name of the flower as its title.

Since then the world in which the Count achieved his fame has known that he and

achieved his fame has known that he and the blue hydranges were to all intents and purposes one and the same. But the Count's press agent hadn't told the Count's American admirers how necessary to his happiness blue hydrangeas were, so none of them had been provided.

In vain were the shops of the florists from one end of the avenue to the other searched by the Count's faithful secretary. None of the flowers was to be found. The Count pined under the separation, but he bore himself with wonderful courage under the circumstances. He showed that he was truly a descendant of the brave D'Artagnan, recovering himself entirely after receiving a promise that the hydrangeas should be on hand this morning.

urday night for the first time since he was taken ill. After another week he expects to be in his seat as usual when the curtain rises on every performance. During Mr. Grau's illness his representative at the Metropolitan has become as well known to the patrons of the opera by sight as Mr. Grau himself. Mr. Latham acquired his knowledge of opera under Sir Augustus Harris, but long before that time he had Harris, but long before that time he had been an actor, a manager and a producer of plays. Here he travelled through the country with Sarah Bernhardt. Since his impresario's illness he has had entire charge of the opera. With all his varied experience in this country and England, he has an interesting fund of anecdote and reminiscence, often relating to the vicisitudes of the profession in earlier days. But looking back over a career of more than thirty years of active service in the profession, Mr. Latham says he can recall no hardship equal to the task of getting the opera company off to Philadelphia twice a week.

The bar receipts of the principal hotels on Fifth avenue must have been materially increased on Sunday. Again the sandwich was dispensed at a profit of no less than two or three hundred per cent., and without it no drinks were to be had. In one hotel it no drinks were to be had. In one hotel
the two necessary pâtés that were served
with two drinks cost 20 cents. When the
waiters were acquainted with the persons
who were ordering, only one was considered
necessary. But in more cases two were
brought. The same tariff prevailed at most
of the large hotels and the increase in their
bar receipts must have reconciled the proprietors to any strictness of the excise law.

New Yorkers familiar with botel life are not surprised to hear of the robberies that take place in these establishments. It is rather a matter of surprise to them that thefts are not more frequently reported. The arrangements that prevail in most of the city hotels seem to the average observer to put a premium on robbery. Any man of fairly decent appearance may get man of fairly decent appearance may get access to almost any part of a New York hotel. Observation of the various visitors to the large city hotels is so casual that any of them, so long as he seems to be occupied with his own affairs, may go from the office of a hotel to the top floor. Of course, notorious hotel thieves, beats and other well-known characters are likely to be stopped. But in the average hotel—especially the larger hotels—the intruder is not likely to be interrupted wherever he goes outside the private apartments of the guests.

Mme. Adelina Patti's desire to come back to the United States has finally led her to apply to a vaudeville agent hitherto occu-pied with the affairs of the variety theatres. to arrange a tour for her. Mme. Patti is very wealthy. Alfred Rothschild in Paris enabled her to earn many thousands through Nillson. Both of these famous women earned large sums in their profession. But their great fortunes were made chiefly through the instrumentality of Mr. Rothschild, who is never so happy as when he is helping prima donnas to increase their savings. Mme. Patti has always been extremely prudent and it is not possible that even the luxury of a young husband has made it necessary for her to give a minute's thought to the subject of money. If she does come to the United States again it will not be with a guarantee of a large sum for every appearance. In all probability she will be her own impresario and take the profits or losses—whichever results from the tour. schild, who is never so happy as when he

"Going on" is the habit of the day-or rather of the evening-as the prevalent phrase seems a little more virulent after phrase seems a little more virulent after dark. Nobody merely goes home nowadays or at least ever admits it. To be "going on" means that one's invitations of the evening are not exhausted by one entertainment. Others are to follow. So if you ask a person after a dinner or a dance whether they're "going on" be prepared for an affirmative answer.

Aloys Burgsialler, who has come to this country for a brief season at the Metropolitan, will be an interesting apparition in the German operas as he has received the usual processes by which the average Wagner tenor is developed. He began by singing Siegfried, one of the heaviest rôles, and has never appeared in any other than Wagnerian operas. His entire répertoire is practically confined to three rôles, although he has also appeared in one or two unimportant parts in the trilogy. He spent three years at Mme. Wagner's opera school in Bayreuth learning one rôle. And he has no idea of ever attempting to enlarge his present field. He intends to remain a Wagner tenor and nothing else. Specialists are, of course, the order of the day, but such a strict specialist in the matter of music was never heard of before Herr Burgstaller came on the scene.

Although Mr. Cope Whitehouse, whose name appeared recently at the bottom of a letter on religion, is better known in the United States for other branches of learning and research, he has an attested reputation in Europe for Bible studies. He was tion in Europe for Bible studies. He was a member of the Council of the Society of Biblical Archwology in London, lectured in Oxford and Cambridge on the forty-ninth chapter of Genesis, wrote many articles for the leading religious reviews on the identity of the Fayoum and land of Goshen, and his treatise on the Semitic traditions of the River of Joseph was translated into Arabic, under the direction of Artin Pasha, Minister of Public Instruction, and published in Cairo.

The Schirmers have published something which has long been needed in this part of the world, namely, a orn ct :co e of Gounod's "Faust." They had some time ago issued one with Italian and Eng-lish text and containing all that is usually lish text and containing all that is usually given in Italian performances of the opera, but they were not satisfied with it. The new vocal score is complete. It contains the Walpurgis night scene, which is invariably omitted from performances here, and the little scene for Marguerite and Siebel in the third act, which is also usually cut out.

Siebet in the third act, which is also usually cut out.

The French text is given, and even the Parisian version of "Dio Possente" is found in this edition. There is an excellent introductory essay by Henry Elward Krehbiel, a gentismen, who, by the way, can perform the remarkable feat of repeating the entire opera from memory. Yet some people say he is a hide-bound Wagnerite.

Lazative Bromo-Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days .- Ads. TRUST-BUSTERS IN A FUNK.

NO"HALF A JOB" FOR ROOSEVELT, HE SAYS.

President Sees Knex, Aldrich and Spoone -Littlefield Disgusted, Nobody Fleased and All the Busters, Are jut Their Wite Bud to Knew (What to De.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- The trust-busters of the House of Representatives have almost abandoned hope of passing a bill that will meet the approval of the President and the Attorney-General, and they now say they may not be able to complete their work before the end of the week.

Sub-Chairman Littlefield of the Judiciary Committee and his fellow busters, Powers of Massachusetts and Owenstreet of In-

of Massachusette and Overstreet of In-diana, are still hard at work, but they admit that their task is one beyond their powers. Nobody seems to be satisfied with what they have done, not even

It is well understood that the Senate will not pass the bill that is scheduled to pass the House under a special rule and for some days the members of the Senate Committee on Interrate Commerce have been engaged in the preparation of a meas-ure intended to be offered as an amendment to the act creating a department of Commerce and Labor.

This bill has been so far completed that

a draft has been so far computed that a draft has been printed for the use of the committee. This is the bill that will become a law if any trust-buster is passed, but it may have no greater ultimate success than the House measure and for the reason that it is regarded by the Administration as inadequate to meet the situation.

The President and the Attorney-General

low declare that they do not want a mere skeleton of a law passed. They want a bill that will deal with the trust question in a comprehensive manner and are inclued to the belief that the Senate leaders are disposed to merely scratch the octopus and not penetrate his skin.

President Roose velt has told some of the Senate Republicans that he will not be satisfied with any "half a job," so far as the pro-posed Anti-Trust legislation is concerned. He has been led to believe that under the ment reached some days ago an Anti-Trust bill will be passed at the present session. Some of the leaders in the Senate intend to do nothing more than enact a mild form of legislation which, from the President's standpoint, will not do very much good or very much harm.

Mr. Roosevelt held a conference at the

White House to-day with Attorney-General Knox and Senators Aldrich and Spooner to discuss the anti-trust pro-gramme. Mr. Aldrich is regarded as one f the more conservative members of the Senate on the proposition to enact a law to curb the trusts, and the President is anxious to secure his assistance in putting through a measure acceptable to the Ad-

The House Committee is not working in harmony and the President and the Attorney-General are not at all pleased with the general mix-up on the trust question that exists among the members of

that committee.

Buster Littlefield does not attempt to conceal his disgust at the turn of affairs A new trouble confronts him. After having ignored the Democratic members for ten lays, his sub-committee may be obliged days, his sub-committee may be obliged to call upon them for aid in getting their bill reported from the Judiciary Committee.

Messrs. DeArmond and Clayton declare that they stand ready to support their Republican colleagues in the original bill tentatively agreed to by the sub-committee nearly two weeks ago, and which was objected to by Mr. Krozy.

by Mr. Knox.

The situation is thoroughly unsatisfactory to Mr. Littlefield and his party colleagues on the sub-committee. They are about at their wits' ends and undecided

GETS DREWRY'S BLUFF PROPERTY Frank J. Gould Wins an Important Sui for His Trolley Company.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 20.-Frank Jay Gould, the new owner of all the street railway and electric properties here and in Petersburg, is the real victor in the case of James Belwood against John C. Short of New York, decided in the Law and

of New York, decided in the Law and Equity Court to-day. The property involved embraces the famous Drewry's Bluff estate. Through Belwood the Richmond and Petersburg Electric Company sued for title to the property which was claimed by Short and won. Mr. Gould and his associates intend to make extensive improvements at the Bluff and establish a park.

The military and naval traditions of Drewry's Bluff will be preserved, and the fortifications, the rife pits and all the paraphernalis of the old fort's equipment will be restored and maintained. The Government, it is believed, will consent to give up the old guns, which it is proposed to remount. Drewry's Bluff overlooks the river seven miles below Richmond and commands a sweeping view of the broad waters a mile down stream and the entire distance northwest extending to the city. orthwest extending to the city.

TO JAIL FOR CRAIG'S DEATH. Moterman Madden Gets Six Months fo Killing Roosevelt's Guard.

PITTEFIELD, Mass., Jan. 20.- Motorman Euclid Madden of this city, who drove his car into the carriage of President Roosevelt on South street in this city on Sept. 3 last when Secret Service Officer William Craig of Chicago was killed, was sentenced to-day by Justice Edward P. Pierce of Fitchburg, in the Berkshire Superior Court, to serve six months in the Berkshire House of Cor-rection and to pay a fine of \$500. Con-ductor James E. Kelley, who pleaded guilty to the crime of manslaughter, was dis-

It was shown that the conductor was busy ollecting forms and It was shown that the conductor was busy collecting fares and was not aware of the approach of the President's carriage. Madden was the motorman and Kelley the conductor of the Country Club car, conveying a pleasure party to the Country Club on the morning of Sept. 2, where it was supposed President Roosevelt would stop in his trip through the country. Officer Craig and Driver David J. Pratt of Dalton occupied the box seat of the landau carrying the President. Craig was thrown upon the tracks and his life crushed out.

New York Salesman Insane in Florida JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 20.-Thecdore Mayer, the New York salesman who was Mayer, the New York salesman who was arrested in Tampa and held as insane, was released there and came here. The police arrested him last night and he was taken before Judge Phillips and examined. It was decided that he was insane, and he will be sent to the Chattahoochee insane asylum. He is employed by a New York embroidery house and gave his address as \$15 Broad vay.

Pharmacists Condemn Substitution. A meeting of the College of Pharmacy. held last night, passed a resolution declaring that the substitution of one article when that the substitution of one article when another is called for, or of an article of one brand when that of another is ordered, involves an act of deception and an abuse of the confidence of physician, patient and manufacturer, and condemning all acts of substitution, whether in prescription work or in ordinary trade.

George Bothner Defeats Emil Selva I

Paterson. PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 20.-Emil Selva, the giant Italian of this city, failed to throw HIS 890,000,000 EDUCATION.

One Chapter in the History of a Rich Zine Mine in New Jersey.

DOVER, N. J., Jan. 20 .- The Board of Freeholders of Sussex county, having raised the valuation of the New Jersey Zinc Com-\$1,115,000 to \$5,000,000, the company has appealed to the courts to have the assessment set aside. The company's Buck-wheat mine will be the chief element in the

The Buckwheat mine has an odd history. When Col. Sam Fowler died, toward the close of the Civil War, he left a great deal of property in Sussex county and in Orange county, N. Y., but it was loaded with in-

country, N. 1., but it was loaded with in-cumbrances and involved in litigation.

Political ambition was the beginning of Col. Fowler's financial undoing. When the Eric Railroad was completed, in 1851, the Erie Railroad was completed, in 1851, Col. Fowler, then a resident of Sussex county, purchased largely of property at the then village of Port Jervis, and became a citizen of that place. He built a splen-did house there, put up the biggest and most costly hotel between New York and

did house there, put up the biggest and most costly hotel between New York and Elmira and esablished a newspaper.

His ambition was to go to Congress. He was a Democrat. In 1856 he secured the nomination he had long sought. For weeks he did his electioneering by special railroad trains, with a company of militia as his escort, and a flat oar on which was carried a cannon which was fired at intervals along the routes travelled.

Mass meetings were held every day and night as which such men as Daniel 8. Diokinson, John A. Dix and other Democratic leaders addressed the voters.

But Fowler was defeated. The campaign cost him a fortune, and left him greatly burdened financially. He returned to Sussex county. At the breaking out of the Civil War he enlisted a regiment, went with it to the front, and died in the service. His widow died a few years later, leaving two minor children, a son and a daughter.

Included in the estate of Col. Fowler was a farm near the Franklin Furnace zino mine, which had been for years regarded as the greatest zino mine in the country. Twenty-five years or so ago shrewd old Moses Taylor of New York got the idea that there might be other zinc deposits near Franklin, and he engaged expert mineralogists to look the region over. They spent a week in prospecting and reported to Taylor that if he could buy a certain buckwheat lot on the Fewler farm they believed he would have a good thing.

The matter was kept quiet and one day

farm they believed he would have a good thing.

The matter was kept quiet and one day the Fowler heirs, much to their surprise, received an offer for their farm. It was not a very large sum. Young Sam Fowler was at that time eager to go to college, but was unable to do so for lack of means. This offer for the farm would provide amply for sending him through college, and leave money besides, so it was accepted. It was not long before a mine was opened in what was known as the buckwheat lot on that farm. Before the richness of that mine the value of every other zinc mine in the world became comparatively small. The Buckwheat mine is famous as the most extensive deposit of pure zinc yet discovered. The Buckwheat mine is famous as the most extensive deposit of pure zinc yet discovered. Up to date \$20,000,000 worth of ore has been taken from it. The Board of Freeholders of Sussex county has appraised its present value at between \$11,000,000 and \$12,000,000. Col. Sam Fowler, whose ambition to sit in Congress crushed him, died possessed of that enormous but unsuspected wealth. His son exchanged it for an education, and has been twice elected to Congress. He is still a resident of Sussex county, and is the only man in the history of the world whose education cost \$20,000,000.

BRICK CHURCH OPEN DAILY. The Second Presbyterian Church to Make Provision for Weekday Visitors.

Since Monday, Jan. 12 last, the Brick Church, at Fifth avenue and Thirty-seventh street, has been open to the public daily between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. A sign on the front of the building announces that all are welcome there for rest, meditation and prayer.

This is the second Presbyterian church thus to open its doors to visitors and wor-shippers every day in the week. The first to do so was the First Presbyterian Church, further downtown, at Fifth avenue and Twelfth street. It has been open daily between the hours of 9 and 5 since Octo-

er, 1900. It is a familiar fact that all the Catholic as the Cathedral, at Fifth avenue and Fifth street; the great Church of the Paulist Fathers at Columbus avenue and West Sixtieth street, and the Church of St. Francis Xavier, in West Sixteenth street near Sixth avenue, are visited by many strangers, and worshippers are always to be found in them.

and worshippers are always to be found in them.

Among churches of the Protestant faith in this city, Trinity, in Broadway at Wall street; the historic St. Paul's Chapel, at Broadway and Vesey street, and Grace Church, at Broadway and Tenth street, are all open every day, and all of them attract large numbers of visitors and not a few worshippers; and in fact most of the other churches in the city of the Episcopal denomination are now kept open through every day in the year.

Arkansas Bank Suspends. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 20.—This notice vas posted on the doors of the Bink of Little Rock this morning:

Little Rock this morning:

"This banh will suspend payment temporarily during an investigation of the Alpine and Lake Cotton Company."

President Stillwell says he hopes to get matters straightened up in a few days. At the office of the Alpine and Lake Cotton Company it was denied that the firm had failed.

Frank Green, a private in the Fifty-fourth Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort Totten committed suicide yesterday by inhaling gas in the Hotel Montgomery, Jersey City. He was found dead on the bed, dressed in full uniform. Green left a scaled and stamped letter addressed to Miss Lillian Fitzgerald, 271 East Fifty-eighth street, Manhattan. The letter was mailed.

Library for Pawling. Poughkeepsie, Jan. 20 .- The will of

Albert J. Akin, late of New York, was filed Albert J. Akin, late of New 1 ork, was fied here to-day. Although the value of the estate is not as yet known it is believed to be about \$2,500,000. To the town of Pawling he gave \$70,000 for the erection of a free library and also gave \$100,000 for the maintenance of the library.

The Weather.

The high pressure centre passe I off to the northeas vesterday and the cold wave was entirely dissipated. It was warmer everywhere, but in Maine and east-ern Canada it was from 6 to 20 degrees below sero; in this section and generally east of the Mississippi it was from 15 to 20 degrees warmer. There was a storm of considerable force moving castward over the Lake regions, a second moving northeast from resas and a third disturbance to the south of Florida The weather was cloudy and rainy in all the South-ern States, and snow fell in Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Virginia. These combined disturbances will carry rain to-day into the Middle Atlantic States, where it will continue to grow warmer. The rain began last night.

The rain began last night.

In this city yesterday it was fair, becoming cloudy at night; wind fresh to brisk northerly; average humidity. 68 per cent.; highest temperature 36, lowest 20 degrees; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.58; 8 P. M. 30.47. The temperature yesterlay, as recorded by the official thermometer, and also by The Sun's ther-

WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO MORROW

For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvanta, New Jersey and D laware, rain to-day; fair and colder to morrow, brisk to high southeast winds, be-New England, rain and warmer to-day clearing, colder in west portion to morrow. Goodyear-Akron author Horse Shoe Pads enable your horse to do more work. Ask your shoer for the "Eas, Bar Pad."—Ade.

BANK OFFICERS PLEAD GUILTY.

SELVES TO COURT'S MERCY.

KIMBALL AND ROSE LEAVETHEM-

Over-certification, Their Counsel Plead, Is Customary With National Banks, in Spite of the Law—Judge Thomas Will Announce the Penalty on Tucsday.

William H. Kimball, former president of the Seventh National Bank and before that a National Bank Examiner, and Gamaliel Rose, paying teller of the bank, pleaded guilty yesterday in the United States Court having over-certified checks for Marquand & Co. in 1901, thereby bringing their trial, which began Monday, to an unexpected end. After a protracted conference between

the defendants and their lawyers just after the jury took their seats, Edward A. Lauterbach, attorney for Mr. Kimball, addressed the court. He recognized, he said, that the Government had produced strong evidence of the technical offence of over-certification charged.

"Mr. Kimball only followed a oustom that

"Mr. Kimball only followed a custom that prevails throughout this entire community," declared Mr. Lauterbach. "Such certification was irregular, but it is not a corine. At best the offence was a technical one."

Mr. Kimball pleaded guilty on all the thirty-two counts of the indictment and threw himself on the clemency of the Court.

Lorenzo Semple followed Mr. Lauterbach with a like plea in behalf of Mr. Rose. The teller, he said, had only done what he was instructed to do and the fact that he had held his place in the bank for twenty years and was still the paying teller was sufficient evidence of the confidence reposed in his integrity. Mr. Semple asked the Court to suspend sentence in Mr. Rose's case.

Judge Thomas said he would give the petitions careful consideration. He paroled the defendants in the care of their lawyers and directed them to appear on Tuesday for sentence. and directed them to appear on

for sentence.

The maximum penalty for the offence to which the bank officials pleaded is a fine of \$5,000 and imprisonment for five years. No specific minimum penalty is

WRESTLING.

Tom Jenkins evidently does not seem hopeful of ever inducing Dan McLeod to meet him again. Ever since the latter defeated him or the catch-as-catch-can title at Worcester to get McLeod to entertain a match. Jen-kins's manager in a statement yesterday had this to say: "There are several well-known promoters in this city who are ready to give a handsome purse or percentage if McLeod will wrestle Jenkins again. When Jenkins was champion he gave McLeod two chances and threw him each time. Now, however, McLeod won't even talk of a match. If McLeod will wrestle we will wager any part of \$5,000 that Tom will win and that he will do the trick in quicker fashion than in any of their previous matches. I intend to post a forfeit next week and hope that McLeod will cover it. If he afraid, that's all." The representatives of Tom Jenkins and

John Plening have agreed upon George Both-ner as referee in their coming match at Madion Square Garden.

Tom Jenkins has yielded to the request of

Tom McInerney of Ireland for another match and has signed articles to meet the foreigner and has signed articles to meet the foreigner at Waterbury on Feb. 5. The contest will be at catch-as-catch-can style, best two in three falls to count. This will be their second meet-ing. The last time they met Jenkine wos, but

ing. The last time they met Jenkins won, but not without a tough struggle.

George Fisher, instructor of the new Pelo A. C., thinks that a match between himself and Tom Sharkey on the mat would be interesting, and accordingly asks for a chance of meeting the quondam sailor. Fisher, who does not weigh nearly as much as Sharkey, is ready to hold the contest in this city any time Sharkey suggests. Fisher is prepared to go on at catch-as-catch-can style, best two in three falls, or limited to one hour.

Dan McLeod increased his record by defeating Alfred Larscelle of Fall River at Fall River. Mass. the other night. The agreement was that McLeod should throw Larscelle twice in one hour. The champion accelle twice in one hour.

River, Mass, the other night. The agreement was that McLeod should throw Larscelle twice in one hour. The champion accomplished the trick in less than twenty minutes. Larscelle put up a game, consistent struggle, but was much outclassed. Up to this match with McLeod Larscelle had been regarded as a championship possibility.

An interesting catch-as-catch can wrestling match was decided at Baltimore the other night. George Burlingame, the champion heavyweight of the South at this style, opposed Frank Phillips of Cincinnati. Burlingame won, throwing Phillips twice in succession. In the first bout it required one minute to pin Phillips's shoulders to the mat, but in the second Burlingame rushed his rival and threw him in ten seconds.

George Bothner has a grievance toward Leo Pardello and believes that he is justified in making it public. The pair met at the New Polo A. C. in a handicap match of one hour and Bothner succeeded in staying the limit. "Pardello used rough tactics in this bout and did everything he could to injure me," Bothner said. "He used his elbow shoved me around the mat unfairly and bled my nose by pushing his fist into my face. I am not afraid of anybody in the business, but I think such wrestling ough to be tabooed. Pardello tried to get a fall, no matter at what cost. His tactics were foul all the way through. But I don't care and I would not have said anything had he not declared after the match that I fouled him. I am ready to meet Pardello at any time. Although I don't care to be boastful, I think that he cannot throw me in three hours, let alone one."

that he cannot throw he in three that, etc. alone one.

Philip Toerfr, manager of Philip Rreig, the crack wreatler of the Hell Gate A. C. of this city, writes to THE SUN as appended: "Kreig is ready to meet any of the heavy-weights at Græco-Roman style. He does not bar even Piening, who has been heralded as such a great man. During the last two years Kreig has made great progress at his style of wrestling and I sincerely believe that there are few men in his class that can throw him.

Hervey Parker informs THE SUN that he

Hervey Parker informs THE SUN that he will be in this city in a few weeks ready to iccept any challenge to meet any one in his livision.

King Edward's Steeplechaser Ambush II May Race Again.

King Edward's, great steeplechaser, Ambush II, winner of the 1900 Grand National, has on the authority of the Sportsman started training again and, bar accident, will carry the royal colors in the blue ribbon event of cross country racing next March. Recently the horse had been reported as suffering from a complication of diseases which it was said would render him useless for the turf, but the real truth is the chaser suffered from curbs, the least important of the many infirmities with which fencers have to contend.

At present Ambush II, is stabled at the Curragh of Kildare in Ireland, where, with a special trainer, and some trial animals, he is undergoing some preparatory work for the Liverpool meeting. It is reported that the horse will be kept in Ireland until the last minute and will only be brought across to England a couple of days before the race. Should he start for the National this year he will probably receive the top weight—175 tounds. the royal colors in the blue ribbon event o

LEMAIRE ET PARIS



It is quality that has made the name Lemaire famous. See that this name, spelled L-E-M-A-I-R-E (as above), is on the end and around the eye piece of every Opera and Field Glass you buy; otherwise you will buy worthless imitations. For sale by all responsible dealers.

BORINE FORMALIN

MAKES IT THE BEST

FORFEITED A PEACE BOND. Magistrate Denel's Action Will Worry the

A bail bond furnished for the release of a prisoner held to keep the peace was ordered forfeited yesterday by Magistrate Deuel in the Essex Market police court.
No one about the court could remember
when such a thing had happened. Hitherto
such bonds have been considered mere
matters of form and professional bondsmen matters of form and professional bondsmen have reaped a harvest in furnishing them because apparently no risk was involved. The prisoner in this case was Bartholomew Daiton of 317 Henry street, charged with assaulting his wife. In October last he was held in \$500 bonds to keep the peace for six months. Michael Morrissey of \$1 Avenue D furnished the bonds and Dalton was re-

leased.

Daiton was arrested again yesterday for the same offence and the Magistrate ordered the bonds forfeited and committed Dalton to the Island for six months for the original offence.

THREE IN BAD CHECK SCHEME. Italians Arrested for an Attempt to De-

Three young Italians made a bungling attempt on Monday afternoon to get \$150 on a check drawn on the Fifth Avenue Bank, bearing the forged signature of Dr. George Pool, instructor in physical culture at the Y. M. C. A. The three were arrested. They give the names of Frank Folini, 145 East Sixteenth street; Frank Palma and Luigi Vitale, 22 Jones street. Palma and Vitale, who presented the check at the bank, said that Folini had written it. A blotter found in Folini's room showed a facsimile of the check. The three were held for examination under \$1,000 bonds each.

District Attorney Jerome heard yester day that Edward G. Glennon, formerly Bamberger, a Brooklyn lawyer, were in Albany to get from the Court of Appeals a stay of execution of Glennon's sentence for neglect of duty. The Appellate Division unanimously affirmed Glennon's conviction.



Over Fifty Styles of CHAFING DISHES Ranging from \$4.25 to \$276.00. The Northe Studies State State, dos Business Galages of or Her

Electric Chaffing Dishes MERIDEN COMPANY, STERNATIONAL SILVER CO., Bussesse) M PIPTH AVR. (DARSON SQ WEST

DIED. BININGER—On Monday, Jan. 19, 1909. Elizabeth Bininger, daughter of the late Joseph H. Bin-inger. Funeral services at her late residence, 487 West

Sist st., Wednesday, Jan. 21, at 1:30 P. M.
COOPER.—At 169 West 4th st., Bayonne, N. J.,
on Monday afternoon, Jan. 19, in the 80th year

Puneral private. DENISON.—As Denver, Col., Jan. 17, 1908, Margaretta H., widow of James C. Denison, aged 66 years.
Funeral cortege will arrive at Grand Central
Funeral cortege will arrive at Grand Central
Funeral cortege will arrive at Grand Central Station, N. Y., on Wednesday, Jan. 21, at 120 o'clock P. M.

MANAGAN -On Sunday, Jan. 18, after a brief

illness, William Livingston Flanagan, in the
48th year of his age, son of Sarah J. and the
late James Flanagan.
Funeral service from St. Bartholomew's Church,
44th st. and Madison av., on Wednesday,
Jan. 21, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flawers. PRESAME OF THE SEVENTH RESIMENT—Members are requested to attend the funeral service of William L. Flanagan (Second Company), on Wednesday, Jan. 21, 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M., at St. Bartholomew's Church, 44th at. and

Madison av., New York.
THOMAS DIMOND, President. HEWITT.—At No. 9 Lexington av., New York city, on Suaday morning, Jan. 18th, in the Sist year of his age, Abram Stevens Hewitt.
The funeral service will be held at Calvary Church, cor. of Pourth av. and 21st st., at 10 e'clock on Wednesday morning. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

TER MORTON TRUST COMPANY, at its meeting to-day, adopted the following resolution:
In the death of Abram S. Hewitt the community has sustained a loss which will not soon be supplied. The relations he bore to the people of New York as a publicist, a business man or New York as a publicist, a business man, and a phlianthropist were so varied and in all ways and at all times so beneficent as to render his career an inspiration and an example. Throughout his long life the point of view from which he regarded all questions, whether of public policy or of business, was the wel-fare of the State and of all classes of the peo-ple. He dies in the enjoyment of universal

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF MINING ENGINEER —The American Institute of Mining Engineers requests that as many of its members as possible attend the funeral of the Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, past president, distinguished leader THEO, DWIGHT, Acting Secretary.

ACKSON .-- On Tuesday, Jan. 20, 1908, Sarah M Jackson.
Funeral service at the residence of her brother-in-law, Edward H. Purdy, 172 West 77th st., on Thursday, Jan 22, 1908, at 6 o'clock. Kindly

6 Barclay st., Manhattan, at her residence, 878 2d st., South Brooklyn. o'clock A. M., at St. France Xavier's Church, oth av. and Carrell st. PALMER.-At New York city on Monday morning.

Jan. 19, 1902, Solon Palmer. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 622 West End av., at 8 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon. Interment private. QUIMBY .- At Jersey City, on Monday, Jan. 19, Quimby, M. D.
Relatives and friends of the family are invited

to attend the funeral services on Friday morning, Jan. 28, at 11 o'clock, at her late residence. 80 Summit av., Jersey City Heights. STICKLER—Peacefully entered into rest at his residence, 153 Centre st., Orange, N. J., on Jan. 19, 1908, Joseph Whippie Stickler, in his Funeral services will be held at the First Pres byterian Church, Orange, on Wednesday, Jan. 21, on the arrival of train leaving New York 2:30 P. M. (D. L. & W. R. R.). Kindly

omit flowers. Long Island papers please THOMPSON. Tuesday morning, William Clifford Thompson, age 31 years.

Puneral services to be held at his late residence 1310 Franklin av., Bronz borough, Wednesder evening at 80'clock. Interment at convenience

TREACY.-On Monday, Jan. 19, 1908, Mary E. Carr. wife of Michael J. Treacy.

Funeral services from her late residence, 140

East 42d st., Thursday, at 9 A. M., thence to
St. Stephen's Church in East 28th s..., where a

mass of requiem will be celebrated.

Horner's Furniture

IMPORTANT REDUCTIONS COLLOWING our annual inventory, we have reduced

the prices on several Bed-room, Dining Room and Parlor Suites, as well as on many single pieces of Furniture, in order to effect their clearance and make needed room for incoming goodsan announcement which means a material saving from regular prices on every suite and piece included in the "mark down."

Houses and apartments can be promptly furnished from our large and unequalled stock, and R. J. HORNER & CO.,

61, 63, 65 West 23d Street. ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS.

The Marquand TREASURES Last Two Days.

American Art Galleries, Medison Square, South, New York. On View Day & Evening

UNTIL

Art Treasures Collected by the Late H. G. Marquand

UNTIL

10 P. M.

prior to the unrestricted public sale The Valuable

PAINTINGS Water Colors

· Will be sold at Mendelssohn Hall,

FRIDAY EVENING of this Week, Promptly at 8:30 o'clock. (Admission by Card to be had of the And the balance of the collection will

be disposed of at the American Art Galleries

on the AFTERNOONS of January 24. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, and **EVENINGS** of January 28, 29 and 30.

SPECIAL NOTICE. On Friday, 23d inst., the Galleries will be closed at 12 o'clock noon, and on the succeeding days of sale from 12 noon until

NOTE.—Admission to the exhibition fifty conts. THE SALE WILL BE CONDUCTED BY THOMAS E. KIRBY, of the

American Art Association, Managers 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq., South.

EXHIBITION. Last Day, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., **NEW YORK'S**

GREATEST FURNITURE SALE AT AUCTION.

Magnificent Stock OF THE FAMOUS FOUS: OF SCHRENKEISEN CO.,

18-20-22 West 20th Street RETIRING FROM BUSINESS. For half a century conceded to be the leaders in the manufacture of high-class furniture for the drawing room. Suitable for private residences; also hotels, clobs: etc. The stock which was made for this season's trade, represents, with the works of art especially imported for the Schren-kelsen Co. for display purposes

Several Large Sevres Vases, Onyx Pedestala Bronzes, Dining Room Chairs, Etc.,) value of nearly one quarter of a militon dollars. Sale Commencing To-morrow (THURS-

DAY) 2 P. M. Sharp. BENJ. S. WISE, Auctioneer *******************



Oil Paintings,

Native and Foreign Artists. To be sold to close the estate of DR. J. T. FIELD, Bayonne

With additions selected from private Collec-tions and to cover advances and charges DANCING ACADEMIES.

HARVARD ACADEMY. ED. J. FINNEGAN, DIRECTOR

MISS McCABE'S

The leading dancing academy of all New Y. Accessible, attractive, spacious, popular, and ways the best patronized. Extensive alterat and improvements have just been comple greatly enlarging the floor space and increathe comfort and convenience of our pupils. Gilde and half-time waltzes taught.

Private and class lessons daily ; beginners any it